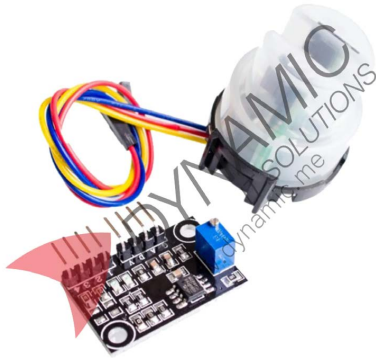


# Water Turbidity Sensor



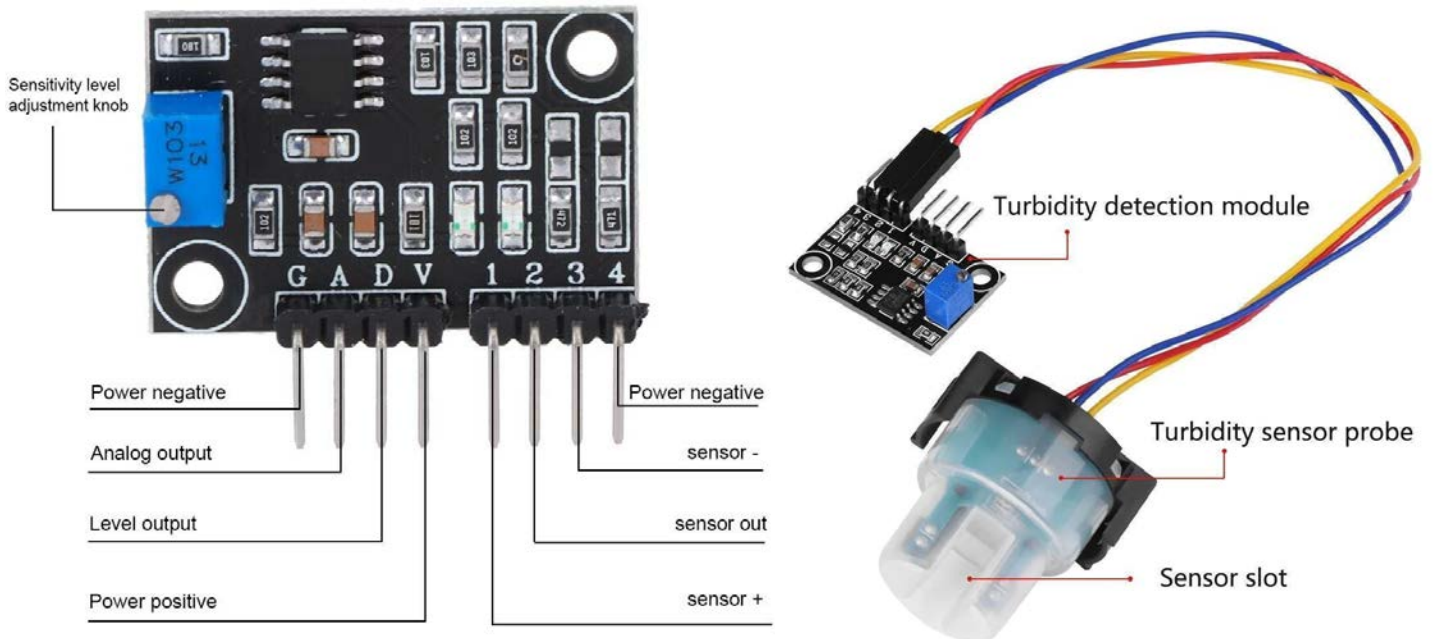
## Features:

The Water Turbidity Sensor uses infrared light scattering and transmittance principles to measure the clarity of liquids. Suspended particles in water affect the amount of transmitted light, allowing this sensor to determine turbidity levels in real time. It outputs both analog and digital signals, enabling compatibility with Arduino, Raspberry Pi, and various microcontrollers. With its fast response and adjustable sensitivity, this module is suitable for environmental monitoring, industrial control, and water treatment applications. The compact design and low power consumption make it ideal for portable and embedded water analysis systems.

Specifications	
<b>Sensing Method</b>	Infrared Optical (Transmittance and Scattering)
<b>Operating Voltage</b>	5V DC
<b>Working Current</b>	≤ 40 mA
<b>Response Time</b>	< 500 ms
<b>Output Modes</b>	Analog 0–4.5 V, Digital (High/Low, Adjustable Threshold)
<b>Turbidity Range</b>	0–1000 ±30 NTU
<b>Infrared Emitter Wavelength</b>	940 nm
<b>Phototransistor Wavelength</b>	880 nm
<b>Insulation Resistance</b>	≥ 100 MΩ
<b>Operating Temperature</b>	–20 °C to +90 °C
<b>Storage Temperature</b>	–10 °C to +80 °C
<b>Module Size</b>	38.6 × 22.1 mm
<b>Interface</b>	Type XH2.54 Connector
<b>Compatibility</b>	Arduino, Raspberry Pi, PIC, 8051, and similar microcontrollers
<b>Usage</b>	Water quality and pollution monitoring, automation control, and IoT liquid analysis

## Pinouts:

Pin Name	Type	Description
<b>G</b>	Input	Power negative (GND)
<b>V</b>	Input	Power positive (VCC 5V)
<b>A</b>	Output	Analog output (0–4.5 V)
<b>D</b>	Output	Digital output (High/Low, adjustable threshold)
<b>1</b>	Input	Sensor positive (+)
<b>2</b>	Output	Sensor signal output
<b>3</b>	Input	Sensor negative (-)
<b>4</b>	Input	Sensor negative (GND)



**Product Picture:**

